

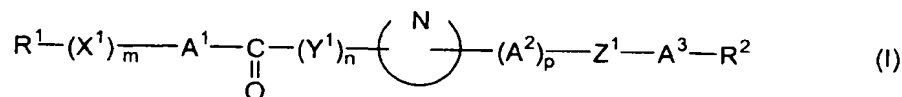
IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A contrast medium for thrombus ~~which~~ that comprises, as an active substance, a substance obtained by labeling a compound capable of binding to glycoprotein IIb/IIIa.

Claim 2 (Currently Amended): A contrast medium for thrombus ~~which~~ that comprises, as an active substance, a substance obtained by labeling a compound capable of binding to glycoprotein IIb/IIIa selected from compounds represented by the general formula (I):

[Chemical Formula 1]



wherein

R¹ represents an N-containing cycloalkyl radical ~~which~~ that may have one or more substituents;

R² represents a carboxy or protected carboxy radical;

A¹ represents a lower alkylene, lower alkanyl-ylidene or lower alkenylene radical, each of which may have one or more substituents;

A² represents a lower alkylene radical;

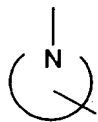
A³ represents a lower alkylene radical ~~which~~ that may have one or more substituents; a moiety represented by

[Chemical Formula 2]



is a N-containing heterocyclic radical represented by the formula:

[Chemical Formula 3]



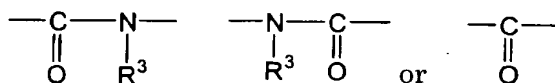
which may have one or more substituents;

X¹ represents O, S or NH;

Y¹ represents NH; and

Z¹ represents

[Chemical Formula 4]



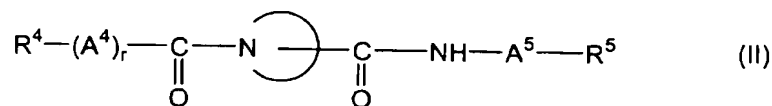
wherein R³ represents a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl radical; and

m, n and p are the same or different and represent an integer of 0 or 1, respectively;

and a physiologically acceptable salt thereof,

compounds represented by the general formula (II):

[Chemical Formula 5]



wherein

R⁴ represents a piperidyl, tetrahydropyridyl, azetidiny or tetrahydroisoquinolyl radical and these piperidyl, tetrahydropyridyl, azetidiny and tetrahydroisoquinolyl radicals may have an amino protective group;

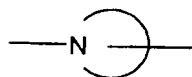
R⁵ represents a carboxy or protected carboxy radical;

A⁴ represents a lower alkylene, lower alkanyl-ylidene, lower alkenylene, cyclo(lower)alkylene or arylene radical;

A⁵ represents a lower alkylene radical ~~which that~~ may have one or more substituents or an arylene radical;

a moiety represented by

[Chemical Formula 6]



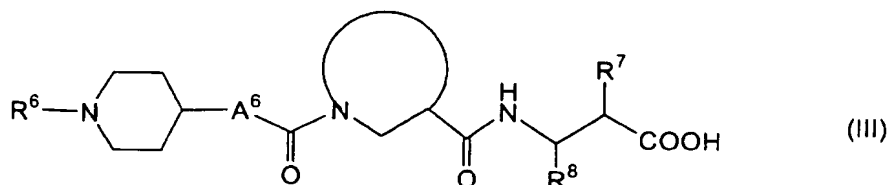
represents a piperidinediyl or tetrahydroisoquinolinediyl radical; and

r represents an integer of 0 or 1;

and a physiologically acceptable salt thereof,

compounds represented by the general formula (III):

[Chemical Formula 7]



wherein

R⁶ represents a hydrogen atom or an amino protective group;

A⁶ represents a lower alkylene or lower alkenylene radical;

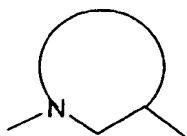
R⁷ represents a hydrogen atom; a lower alkanoyl radical ~~which that~~ may be substituted with amino, lower alkanoylamino, ar(lower)alkoxycarbonylamino, aryl, aroylamino, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, ar(lower)alkoxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkanoyloxy, lower alkoxy or hydroxyl, among which aryl and aroylamino may further be substituted with carboxy, lower alkoxy or lower alkoxycarbonyl; a lower alkoxycarbonyl radical ~~which that~~ may be substituted with lower alkoxy, aryl or cyclo(lower)alkyl; a lower alkenyloxycarbonyl radical; a di(lower)alkylaminosulphonyl radical; a cycloalkanoyl radical ~~which that~~ may be substituted with lower alkoxy; an aroyl radical ~~which that~~ may be substituted with (C₃-C₆) alkoxy, carbamoyl(lower)alkoxy, N-

(lower)alkylcarbamoyl(lower)alkoxy, N,N-di(lower)alkylcarbamoyl(lower)alkoxy, lower alkoxy-carbonyl, nitro, cyano, carboxy, carboxy(lower)alkoxy, ar(lower)alkoxy, lower alkoxy-carbonyl(lower)alkoxy, cyclo(lower)alkoxy, lower alkoxy-carbonylamino, cyclo(lower)alkyl(lower)alkoxy, lower alkanoylamino or lower alkylcarbamoyl; an aryloxy-carbonyl radical; a heterocyclylcarbonyl radical; an amino radical ~~which~~ that may be substituted with an acyl radical selected from the group consisting of a protected carboxycarbonyl radical and a heterocyclyloxy-carbonyl radical;

R^8 represents a hydrogen atom or an aryl or aralkyl radical ~~which~~ that may be substituted with one or more hydroxyl and/or lower alkoxy;

a moiety represented by the formula:

[Chemical Formula 8]

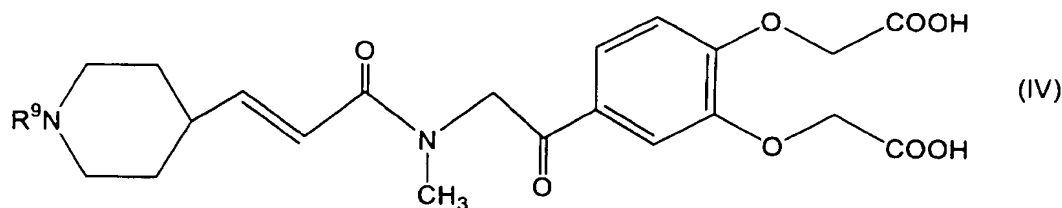


represents a divalent N-containing, 6 to 8-membered heterocyclic radical;

and a physiologically acceptable salt thereof, and

compounds represented by the formula (IV):

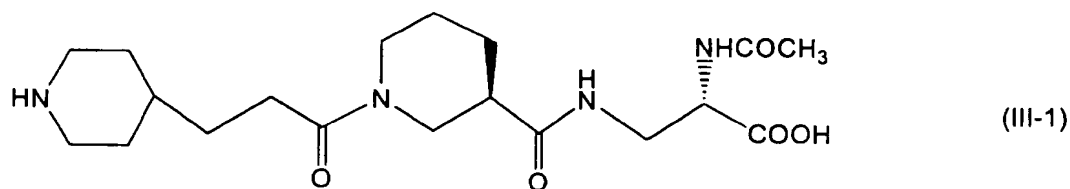
[Chemical Formula 9]



wherein R^9 represents a hydrogen atom or an amino protective group; and a physiologically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 3 (Original): The contrast medium for thrombus according to claim 2, wherein the compound capable of binding to glycoprotein IIb/IIIa is a compound represented by the formula (III-1):

[Chemical Formula 10]



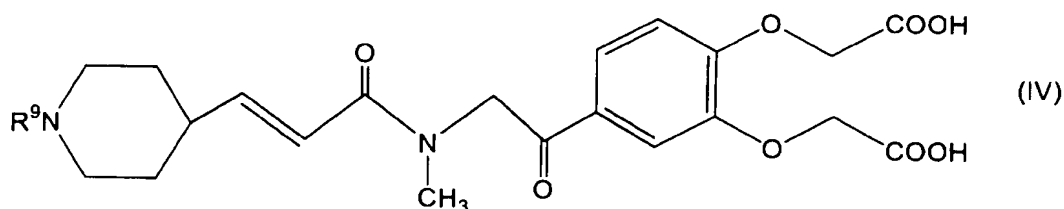
or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 4 (Currently Amended): The contrast medium for thrombus according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 3~~ claim 1, wherein the compound capable of binding to glycoprotein IIb/IIIa is labeled with a positron emitting isotope.

Claim 5 (Currently Amended): The contrast medium for thrombus according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 4~~ claim 1, wherein the compound capable of binding to glycoprotein IIb/IIIa is labeled with ^{11}C .

Claim 6 (Original): A compound represented by the general formula (IV):

[Chemical Formula 11]



wherein R^9 represents a hydrogen atom or an amino protective group, and a physiologically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 7 (Currently Amended): A method of detecting a thrombus ~~which~~ that comprises the steps of administering the contrast medium for thrombus according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 5~~ claim 1 to a mammal and detecting a label localized to the thrombus.

Claim 8 (Original): The method according to claim 7, wherein the detection step is carried out by positron emission tomography.